

STATE HISTORICAL  
SOCIETY OF IOWA  
IOWA DEPARTMENT OF CULTURAL AFFAIRS

# The Annals of Iowa

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Volume 8 | Number 3 ( 1907)

pps. 237-238

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## Oliver Mills

ISSN 0003-4827

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### Recommended Citation

"Oliver Mills." *The Annals of Iowa* 8 (1907), 237-238.

Available at: <https://doi.org/10.17077/0003-4827.3416>

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capabilities of young and untried men. Among the many sorrowing friends who followed his remains to the grave none were more truly mourners than the young men with whom he had been associated, to all of whom he had been a father and friend. Three children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Lee. His two sons, William Walker and Alfred William, died in childhood. His daughter, Laura Anna, now 11 years old, survives.

J. B.

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JOHN HORNSTEIN was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., May 8, 1847; he died in Chicago, September 8, 1907. The family remained in Brooklyn until he was 7 years of age, when they removed to Washington county, Wisconsin. It was in this place that he afterwards learned the printing trade in the office of *The Washington County Democrat*. He worked for a number of years as a printer, when he returned to New York City and engaged in the printing business, entering one of the largest offices in that city. It is said to have been one which had most of the city work during the reign of "Boss Tweed." He was there some years, but came to Boone, where he settled in 1870, and entered the newspaper field. He purchased at first an interest in *The Boone County Democrat*, which up to that time had had a difficult struggle for existence. While he was but a part owner at the start, he soon afterwards purchased the whole business and succeeded in building it up to a respectable patronage and establishing it on a permanent basis. He was appointed postmaster of the city in 1896 to serve out an unexpired term. After serving out this term, he engaged in a real estate business, and also became connected with the Boone County Bank. He remained but a short time in the bank, when he removed to Chicago, where he entered into a partnership with his brother George in establishing an office for commercial printing. This was understood to be a very successful venture, and he remained in it until his death. He had been ill for some months and had been gradually fading away. Mr. Hornstein was a good printer, a versatile and able editor, a kind-hearted, excellent gentleman, and a useful member of the community. He was at one time mayor of Boone, when he performed a most important work in securing the services of Col. George E. Waring, Jr., the illustrious sanitary engineer, to establish a system of drainage which is not even yet completed. So far as this has been carried forward it has been very successful, and will probably ere long span the whole city. In all matters of public improvement Mr. Hornstein was ever ready to do his best, not only through the columns of his paper, but in every other possible manner. He was a man of many friends, and few, if any, enemies, dying widely lamented. On his removal to Chicago he presented, in durable binding, a file of his paper for twenty-five years, to the Historical Department of this State. That file and the volumes of *The Standard*, published in Boone during the same period, present the best history of the rise and progress of the flourishing city and county of Boone.

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OLIVER MILLS was born at Gustavus, Ohio, February 1, 1820; he died at Lewis, Iowa, August 18, 1907. Harlow Mills, his father, was of pure New England stock and a native of Hartford county, Connecticut. He was a prosperous farmer and dairyman. In 1819 he emigrated to what was known as the West, and located in northeastern Ohio. That beautiful region was then known as the "Western Reserve." Here Oliver was born and grew to manhood. He attended the district school until he was 14 years of age, when he went for a time to Farmington Academy

to complete his education. When old enough to enter into business for himself he engaged in farming and stock raising, in which he was eminently successful. In 1850 he removed with his young family to Lee county, Iowa, and settled at Denmark. He resided there eight years, when he took up his residence at Lewis, Cass county, where he was destined to spend his days. His live stock operations were very large, comprising transactions in horses, cattle and swine. In this direction he became one of the foremost operators in Iowa. He was especially active and conspicuous in his efforts to promote the interests of the State Agricultural Society, and no man among its directors early and late has been more often referred to. He may be regarded as one of its most distinguished and influential founders. In enlarging its operations and extending its influence he had few equals and no superior in the State. Mr. Mills was a man of rare energy and earnestness in whatever engaged his attention. In the old days, before the Civil War, his home was a station on the underground railroad, where many fleeing slaves were fed and sheltered and sent on their way toward the land of freedom. In one instance he protected two slave girls for whom a reward of \$1,000 had been offered. Old John Brown shared his hospitality not long before his attack on Harper's Ferry. He was a man who was widely known throughout the State. He held several minor offices in his county, and was chosen a member of the Fourteenth General Assembly, representing the counties of Cass, Adair and Montgomery, then forming the Twentieth Representative District. During this session he served on the committees on Agriculture, Agricultural College, State University, Roads and Highways, and Federal Relations. He joined the Congregational church at the age of 14 and continued in its membership throughout his life.

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MARK A. DASHIELL was born at Moore's Hill, Dearborn county, Indiana, October 2, 1826; he died at Indianola, Iowa, July 3, 1907. His father was a native of Baltimore, Maryland, and came to Indiana before it was a State. Dr. Dashiell was one of fifteen children, two brothers surviving him. He graduated from the Indianapolis High school, and later from the local academy in Indianapolis, and finally from the Medical College of Indianapolis. He practiced medicine two years in his native county. Dr. Dashiell resided in Warren county continuously for fifty years, and was a pioneer physician and also a law maker. He had a large ride over the prairies in the course of his practice at a time when prairie fires were seen almost nightly during the warmer portions of the year and when the blizzards raged fiercely during the winter. It is stated that no storms stopped or delayed him in attending to the calls of the pioneer settlers. He was appointed one of the U. S. Board of Pension Examiners in 1863 by Abraham Lincoln, and served continuously throughout his life. He was chosen a Representative in the Twelfth General Assembly, and in 1872 he became a member of the State Senate, where he served four years and was re-elected in 1878 for another term. He was again sent to the Legislature and served in the House of Representatives in the Thirtieth General Assembly. He was one of the stalwart temperance men who recommended the passage of the prohibitory liquor law. He served also for ten years as a trustee of the State Industrial school, which he was largely instrumental in establishing. He was a prominent member of the Pioneer Law Makers' Association, the meetings of which always found him present. He was a useful man generally as a citizen, and especially so as a member of both branches of the State Legislature. He died as he had lived, enjoying the respect and confidence of all who knew him.

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